of projects sanctioned, amount sanctioned and amount released relating to various schemes during the last 3 years is at Annexure, *{See* Appendix 170, An-nexure No. 66)

**Sanitation Facilities in Rural Arena**

3243. SHRI RAJENDRA PRASAD MODY) Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the total population with per centage in rural areas only covered with sanitation facilities by the end of June, 1993; and

(b) the steps taken to eliminate manual scavenging in rura'l areas?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRI UTTAM-BHAI PATEL): (a) Out of a total rural population of 6286.914 lakhs, 780.72 lakhs (12.47% rural population had access to sanitation facilities by the end of June, 1993 through Government assisted programmes and private initiatives.

(b) Most of the States had reported that there is no problem of manual scavenging in rural areas. However, in the revised guidelines of Centrally Sponsored Rural Sanitation Programme (CRSP), the Central Government has permitted conversion of dry latrines, wherever existing in rural areas into sanitary latrines with 80% subsidy from the Central/State Government and balance 20% being contributed by the beneficiary. The allocation under CRSP has also been increased from year to year Rs. 20. crores in 1992-93, Rs. 30 crores in 1993-94 and Rs. 60 crores in 1994-95 in the Central Sector with a matching provision/expenditure by the States.

**Confuence on Panchayati Raj Legiilalfon**

3244. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Conference of Ministers and Secretaries in-charge of Panchayat* was held last My, 1993 to discuss the Panchayati Raj Legislation;

(b) if so, whether the meeting had decided that new legislation would be placed before the respective State Assemblies; and has also been agreed that provisions of the Constitution 74th (Amendment) Act, 1992 relating to the Constitution of District Planning Committees, providing for forming it a part of the new Panchayati Raj legislations of the states;

(c) if so, whether any State has so far introduced such a legislation;

(d) if so, the names thereof; and

(e) whether Government have drawn the attention of the State Governments to the slow progress in impletncntulg the) Panchayati Raj Legislation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOP-MENT (DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRI RAMESH-• WAR THAKUR): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) It was recommended in the Conference that new legislation would be placed before the respective State As- semblies. It was also recommended that the provisions relating to Constitution I of District Planning Committees provid-ed in the Constitution (74th mend-j ment) Act, 1992 would form a part of . the new Panchayati Raj legislation of the States.

(c) and (d) So, far, Khar, Karnataka, Sikkim, Tripura, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa and Gujarat have enacted, legislation on Panchayati Raj.

(e) The Union Government is actively pursuing and monitoring the progress made in the matter with the State Governments. The State Governments have agreed to enact necessary legislation before 24th April, 1994 and have already taken steps in this direction.

**Schemes for Removal of Backwardness and Unemployment in U.P.**

3245. SHRI SHIV PRATAP MISHRA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have formulated any scheme for removal of backwardness and unemployment from the rural areas of Uttar Pradesh; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard and what progressive steps have been taken so far in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRI UTTAMBHAI PATEL): (a) and (b) Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) and Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY) are major poverty alleviation programmes being implemented by the Ministry of Rural Development in various States/Uts. including Uttar Pradesh.

The main objective of IRDP is to enable selected families of target group in the rural areas, who are below the poverty line, to take up income generating assets. It is a self-employment programme which is being implemented in all the blocks all over the country since October, 1980 including Uttar Pradesh. Since inception of this programme, I roughly 85 lakhs families have been as- I sisted in Uttar Pradesh. To make the J programme more effective and useful j for the beneficiaries, certain steps like revision in the ceiling limit of subsidy; Introduction of Cash Disbursement Scheme; launching of pilot project of Family Credit Plan; better linkage for IRDP beneficiaries; etc. have been Initiated for the benefit of the been ficiaries.

JRY is another poverty alleviation programme of the Central Government which aims at generating additional gainful employment for unemployed and under-employed persons in the rural areas. From 1993-94, a new scheued called'Intensified' JRY is being im lamented in 120 identified backward discricts of the country including 12 distr ots of Uttar Pradesh where there is concentration of unemployment and unde-employment. Besides, the Ministry . Rural Development has also launched Employment Assurance Scheme (EA .)' with effect from 2nd October, 1993 in 1755 RPDS (Revamped Public Dis ribution * System) blccks of the country including 145 blocks in Uttar Pradesh. These blocks are loca' * in remote and backward areas of the country Under thils*ivr* this scheme, 100 days of casual man all work is provided for the persons who are in need of work and seeking it is the rurai areas during the lean agcultural season.

3246. *[Transferred to 18th .April* 1994.] |

**Utilisation of Funds released under drinking water Mission**

3247. SHRI V. HANUMANTE A RAO: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether any enhanced amount under the Drinking Water Miss ion will be given to the States untilling the amounts property;

(b) which State$_s$ have asked for enhanced amounts to sugment the drinking water supply; and

(c) the status of Andhra Prakash in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY" OF RURAL DEVELOP-MENT (DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRI UTT. MBHAI PATEL"): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Stale Governments of Andhra Pradesh, Haryana, Himachai Pradesh, Gujarat, Jamniu and Kashmir, Karnataka Madhya Pradesh and Tamil Nadu have asked for enhanced amounts to ragment (he drinking water supply.

(c) The Stale Government of Andhra Pradesh has asked for enhanced aslocation of asleast Rs. 71.00 crores as against the total central assistance of Rs. 55 crores, so as to complete more schemes during the year.